



Features

- Low Quiescent Current: 300μA
- Low Quiescent Current: 300μA
- -7V to +12V Common-Mode Input Voltage Range
- Three-State Outputs
- 50ns Propagation Delays, 5ns Skew
- Half-Duplex Version Available
- Operate from a Single 5V Supply
- Allows up to 32 Transceivers on the Bus
- Data rate: 5 Mbps
- Current-Limiting and Thermal Shutdown for Driver Overload Protection
- Enhanced ESD Specifications:
- ±15kV IEC61000-4-2 Air Discharge
- ±8kV IEC61000-4-2 Contact Discharge

Applications

- Low power RS-485 systems
- DTE/DCE interface
- Packet switching
- Local area networks (LNAs)
- Data multiplexers
- Data concentration
- Integrated services digital network (ISDN)

General Description

The CBM485 is low-power transceivers for RS-485 and RS-422 communication. IC contains one driver and one receiver.

The driver slew rates of the CBM485 is not limited, allowing them to transmit up to 10 Mbps.

These transceivers draw between 120µA and 500µA of supply current when unloaded or fully loaded with disabled drivers. All parts operate from a single 5V supply. Drivers are short-circuit current limited and are protected against excessive power dissipation by thermal shutdown circuitry that places the driver outputs into a high-impedance state.

The receiver input has a fail-safe feature that guarantees a logic-high output if the input is open circuit. The CBM485 is designed for half-duplex applications.



CATALOG

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Pin Description

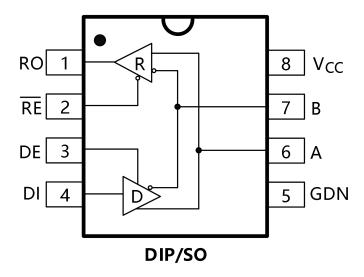


Figure 0.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (V _{CC}) 12V	Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
Control Input Voltage -0.5V to (V _{CC} + .5V)	8-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)
727mW	
Driver Input Voltage (D _I)-0.5V to (V _{CC} +0.5V)	8-Pin SOP (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C) 471mW
Driver Output Voltage (A, B) -8V to +12.5V	Operating Temperature Ranges -40°C to +125°C
Receiver Input Voltage (A,B) -8V to +12.5V	Storage Temperature Range -65℃ to +160℃

^{*} Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied.

Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



DC Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = 5V \pm 5\%, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Differential Driver Output (no load)	V _{OD1}					5	V
Differential Driver Outset (cith lead)		$R = 50\Omega$ (RS	-422)	2			V
Differential Driver Output (with load)	V_{OD2}	V_{OD2} R=274 Ω (RS-485), Figure 0 1		1.5			V
Change in Magnitude of Driver Differential Output Voltage for Complementary Output States	$\Delta V_{\sf OD}$	R = 27Ω or 50Ω , Figure 0				0.2	V
Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage	V _{oc}	R = 27Ω or 100Ω , Figure 0				3	V
Change in Magnitude of Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage for Complementary Output States	ΔV _{OC}	R = 27Ω or 100Ω , Figure 0				0.2	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	DE, DI, RE		2.0			V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	DE, DI, F	RE			0.8	V
Input Current	I _{IN1}	DE, DI, F	RE			±2	μΑ
		DE = 0V ; V _{CC} =0V or 5.25V;	$V_{IN}=12V$			1.0	mA
Input Current (A, B)	I _{IN2}		$V_{IN} = -7V$			-0.8	IIIA
Receiver Differential Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	-7V ≤ V _{CM} ≤12V		-0.2		0.2	V
Receiver Input Hysteresis	ΔV_{TH}	V _{CM} = 0V			70		mV
Receiver Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	$I_{O} = -4mA, V_{ID} = 200mV$		3.5			V





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Receiver Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	$I_O = 4mA$, $V_{ID} = -200mV$			0.4	V
Three-State (high impedance) Output Current at Receiver	I _{OZR}	0.4V ≤ V _O ≤ 2.4V			±1	μΑ
Receiver Input Resistance	R _{IN}	-7V ≤ V _{CM} ≤ 12V	12			kΩ
		$DE = V_{CC}$		500	900	
No-Load Supply Current (Note 3)	I _{cc}	RE = $0V$ or V_{CC}		300	500	
		DE = 0V				μΑ
Driver Short-Circuit Current,	I _{OSD1}	-7V≤V ₀ ≤12V (Note 4)	35		250	mA
V _O = High Driver Short-Circuit Current	I _{OSD2}	-7V≤V ₀ ≤12V (Note 4)	35		250	mA
V _O = Low Receiver Short-Circuit Current	I _{OSR}	$0V \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$	7		95	mA
ESD Protection		A, B, Y and Z pins, tested using Human Body Model		15		kV



Switching Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = 5V \pm 5\%, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Discontinuent to Outroot	T _{PLH}	$R_{DIFF} = 54$	10	55	60	ns
Driver Input to Output	T _{PHL}	$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100pF$	10	55	60	
Driver Output Skew to Output	T _{SKEW}	$R_{DIFF} = 54, C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100pF$		5	10	ns
Driver Enable to Output High	T_{ZH}	C _L = 100pF, S2 closed		40	70	ns
Driver Enable to Output Low	T _{ZL}	C_L = 100pF, S1 closed		40	70	ns
Driver Disable Time from Low	T _{LZ}	C _L = 15pF, S1 closed		40	70	ns
Driver Disable Time from High	T _{HZ}	C _L = 15pF, S2 closed		40	70	ns
	T _{PLH}	D 54.6 6 100.5	20	60	100	ns
Receiver Input to Output	T _{PHL}	$R_{DIFF} = 54 C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100pF$	20	60	100	
T _{PLH} - T _{PHL} Differential Receiver Skew		$R_{DIFF} = 54 C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$				
Receiver Enable to Output Low	T _{ZL}	C _{RL} = 15pF, S1 closed	5			ns
Receiver Enable to Output High	T _{ZH}	C _{RL} = 15pF, S2 closed	10			ns
Receiver Disable Time from Low	T _{LZ}	C _{RL} = 15pF, S1 closed		30	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from High	T _{HZ}	C _{RL} = 15pF, S2 closed		30	50	ns
Maximum Data Rate	F _{MAX}			30	50	Mbps

Note 1: All currents into device pins are positive; all currents out of device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to device ground unless otherwise specified.

Note 2: All typical specifications are given for $V_{CC}=5V$ and $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$.

Note 3: Supply current specification is valid for loaded transmitters when DE=0V.

Note 4: Applies to peak current.



Test Circuits

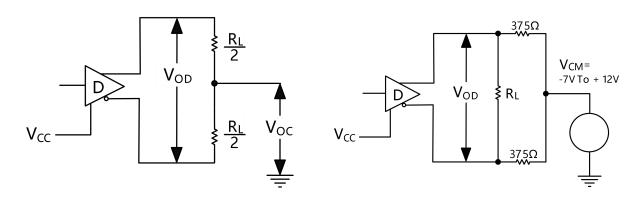


Figure 1. Driver V_{OD} and V_{OC}

Figure 2. Driver V_{OD} with Varying Common-Mode Voltage

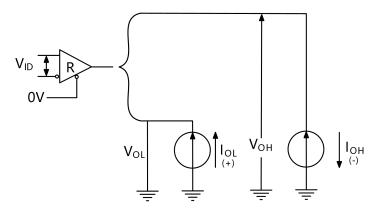


Figure 3. Receiver V_{OH} and V_{OL}

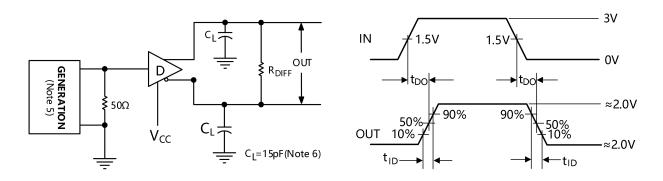


Figure 4. Driver Differential Output Delay and Transition Times



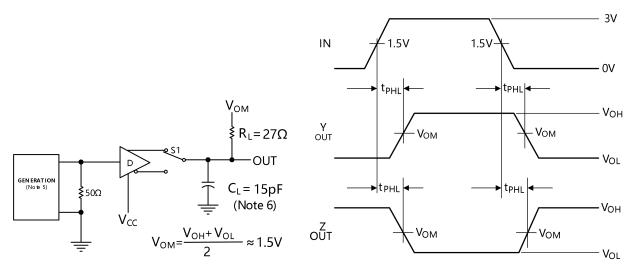


Figure 5. Driver Propagation Times

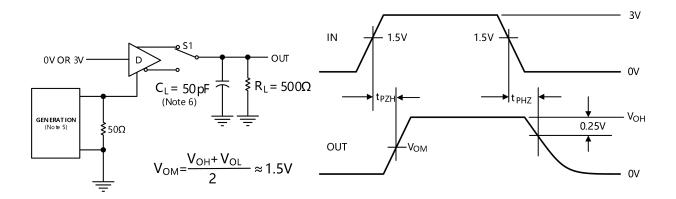


Figure 6. Driver Enable and Disable Times (T_{PZH}, T_{PSH}, T_{PHZ})

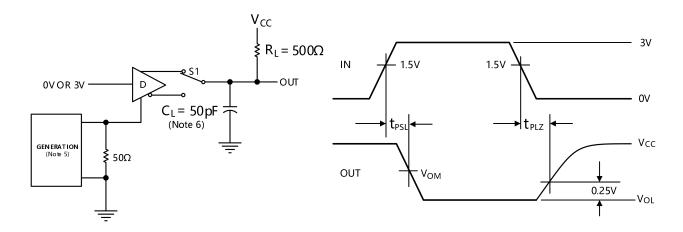


Figure 7. Driver Enable and Disable Times (T_{PZH}, T_{PSH}, T_{PHZ})



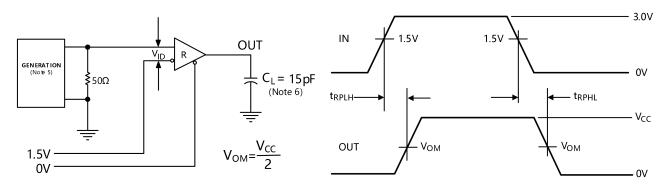


Figure 8. Driver Enable and Disable Times (T_{PZH}, T_{PSH}, T_{PHZ})

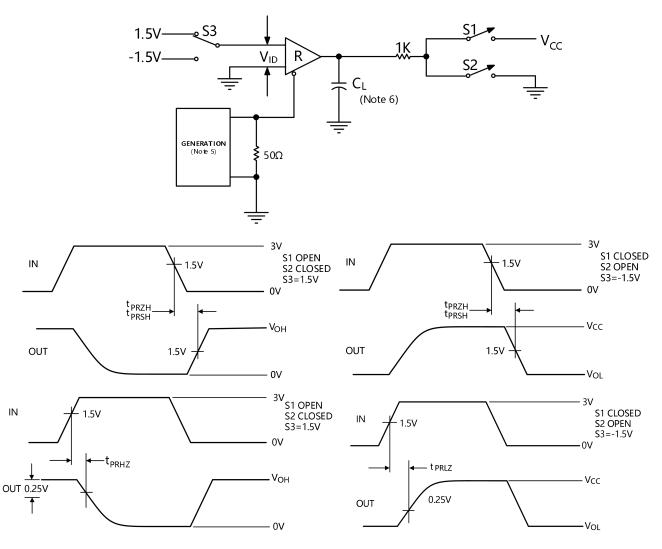


Figure 9. Driver Enable and Disable Times (T_{PZH}, T_{PSH}, T_{PHZ})

Note 5: The input pulse is supplied by a generator with the following characteristics: PRR = 250kHz, 50% duty cycle, tr \leq 6.0ns, $Z_O = 50\Omega$.

Note 6: C_L includes probe and stray capacitance.



Function Tables

Transmitting						
	INPUTS OUTPUTS X					
RE	DE	DI	Z	Υ		
Х	1	1	0	1		
Х	1	0	1	0		
0	0	X	Z	Z		
1	0	X	Z	Z		

Receiving						
INPUTS OUTPUTS						
RE	DE	A-B	RO			
0	0	+0.2V	1			
0	0	-0.2V	0			
0	0	open	1			
1	0	Х	Z			

X-don't care

Z-high impedance

Typical Information

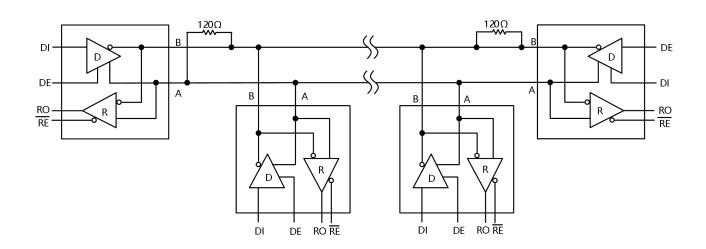


Figure 10. CBM485 Typical RS-485 Network



Driver Output Protection

Excessive output current and power dissipation caused by faults or by bus contention are prevented by two mechanisms. A foldback current limit on the output stage provides immediate protection against short circuits over the whole common-mode voltage range. In addition, a thermal shutdown circuit forces the driver outputs into a high-impedance state if the die temperature rises excessively.

Propagation Delay

Skew time is simply the difference between the low-to-high and high-to-low propagation delay. Small driver/receiver skew times help maintain a symmetrical mark-space ratio (50% duty cycle). The receiver skew time, $|T_{PRLH} - T_{PRHL}|$, is under 10ns. The driver skew times are 5ns for the CBM485.

Typical Applications

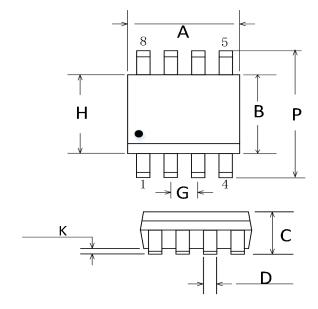
CBM485 transceivers are designed for bidirectional data communications on multipoint bus transmission lines. Figure 10 shows typical network applications circuits. These parts can also be used as line repeaters, with cable lengths longer than 4000 feet.

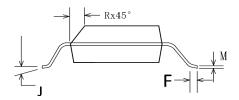
To minimize reflections, the line should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance, and stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.



Package

SOP-8





NOTES: 1. Dimensions A and B do not include mold flash or protrusion.

2. Maximum mold flash or protrusion 0.15 mm (0.006) per side for A; for B - 0.25 mm (0.010) per side.

Compleal	Dimension	ons ,mm			
Symbol	Min	Max			
Α	4.8	5			
В	3.8	4			
С	1.35	1.75			
D	0.33	0.51			
F	0.4 1.27				
G	1.27				
Н	5.7	72			
J	0°	8°			
K	0.1	0.25			
М	0.19	0.25			
Р	5.8	6.2			
R	0.25	0.5			





Package/Ordering Information

PRODUCT	ORDERING NUMBER	TEMPRANGE	PACKAGE	PAKEAGE MARKING	TRANSPOT MEDIA,QUANTILY
CDNA40F	CBM485AS8	-40°C~125°C	SOIC-8(SOP8)	CBM485A	Tape and Reel,2500
CBM485	CBM485ACS8	-0°C~70°C	SOIC-8(SOP8)	CBM485C	Tape and Reel,2500